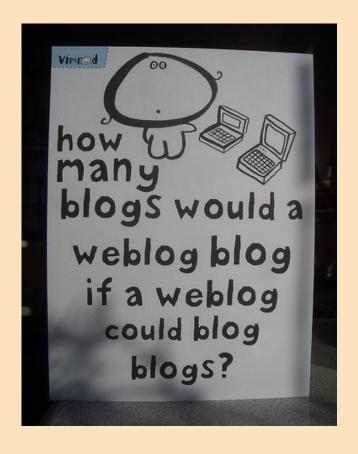
## If you can't beat them, join them – Using technology in the language classroom





### Overview

- •Why can't we avoid technology?
- •Why is it difficult for us?
- •In what way are learners different?
- A short history
- Some concrete examples
- Benefits of using ICT in language teaching
- Considerations
- Assessment

# digital immigrant technophobe technogeek digital native

### Why is it difficult for us?

My students know so much more about computers than I do.

Why use computers anyway? We've got a perfectly good coursebook.



Another new method? No, thanks

Technology distances people I'd like to use computers more, but preparing materials is so time-consuming...

### In what way are learners different? (Prensky, 2004)

- communication
- •sharing
- exchanging
- creating
- meeting
- collecting
- evaluating







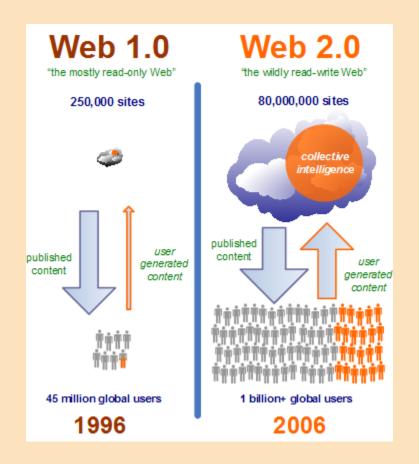
http://www.flickhttp://farm3.static.flickr.com/

## A short history of using technology in the language classroom:

1960s,70s: tape recorders, language laboratories, video players

1980s: CALL, respond to stimuli, text reconstructions, individual tasks, CD-ROMs

1990s: ICT (Internet, computer programmes, web-based tools, TELL)

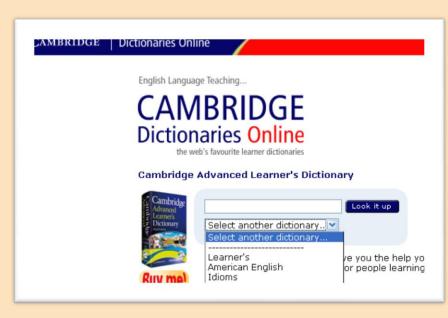


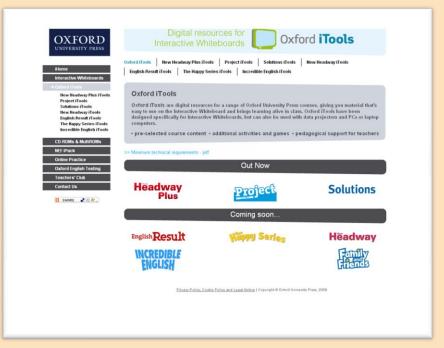
### Introduction to web 2.0

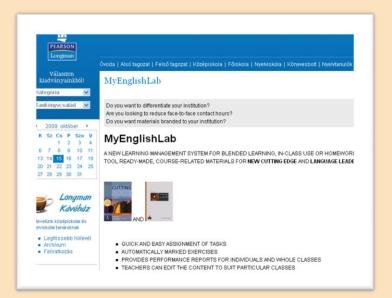
"Please describe web 2.0 to me in 2 sentences or less."
"You make all the content. They keep all the revenue."
(YouTube...).

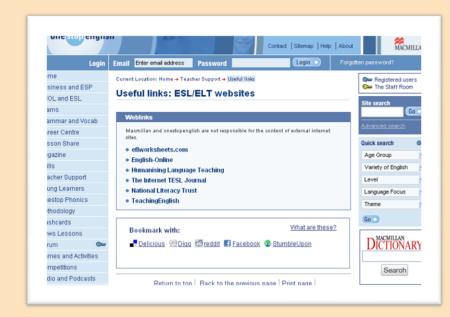
http://bash.org/?779320

Web 1.0 = Personal Website / Web 2.0 = Blog Web 1.0 = Britannica Online / Web 2.0 = Wikipedia









### Projects online...an example

#### icEurope

A COMENIUS INTERCULTURAL
WEB COLLABORATION PROJECT



#### MAIN ASPECTS

- INTERCULTURAL COMMUNICATION
- ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNING
- . E-LEARNING & WEB COLLABORATION IN MOODLE



#### What is icEurope about?

icEurope sets out to gain insights into foreign language and intercultural learning within a webenhanced English classroom on the basis of a combined model of intercultural foreign language learning.

4 classes from Bulgaria, Hungary, Italy, and Turkey will collaborate online in **Moodle**. On the learning platform, the learners engage in exploring and negotiating intercultural topics and contents with their peers in communicative and collaborative activities.

The focus is on their icEnglish: the lingua franca English needed to collaborate and communicate interculturally successfully.







### Project results will include:

#### Grassroots insight

Grassroots analysis of the three theoretical concepts involved (intercultural communication, English as a lingua franca, e-learning) & a survey on current practices (incl. analysis of curricula, learning objectives, teaching methods and materials).



Development of a theoretical-methodological model for enhancing *icEnglish*, i.e. English as lingua franca used for intercultural communication purposes.

#### Intercultural web collaboration

In an authentic, communicative, and constructive Moodle learning environment, the learners will negotiate intercultural topics and contents with their peers, exploring and co-constructing their own English.

#### Teacher workshops & training materials

Several workshops based on the icEurope approach in all the partners' countries: teachers and trainees will have the opportunity to work hands on in Moodle and with the icEurope materials; training materials are designed to be used for future (teach-the-teacher) workshops. Opportunities for real web collaboration follow-ups are given.

#### icEurope booklet (digital & print)

A booklet with icEurope materials and results will be published to provide teachers and trainers with activities & suggestions for teaching 'intercultural English' online and via web collaboration.

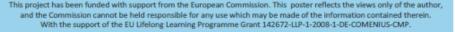
#### Moodle platform for teachers

Based on the project insights, a Moodle platform will be set up for teachers to carry out their own web collaborations in the future.

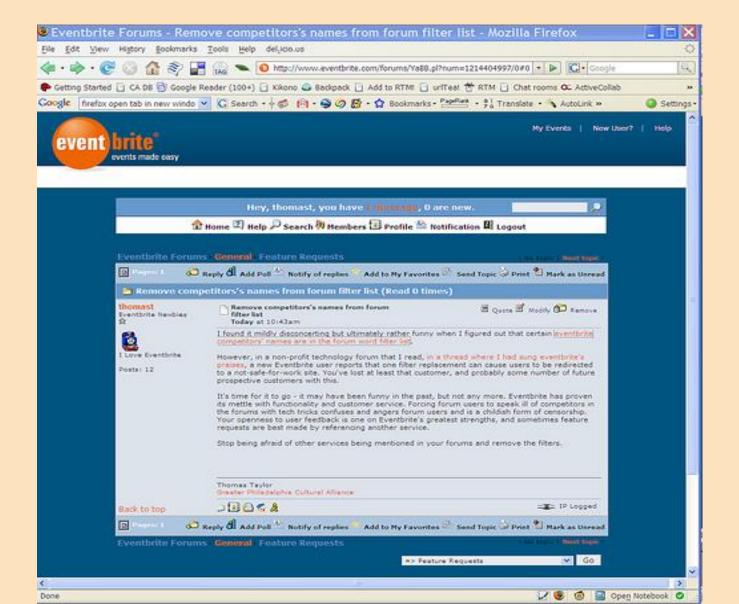




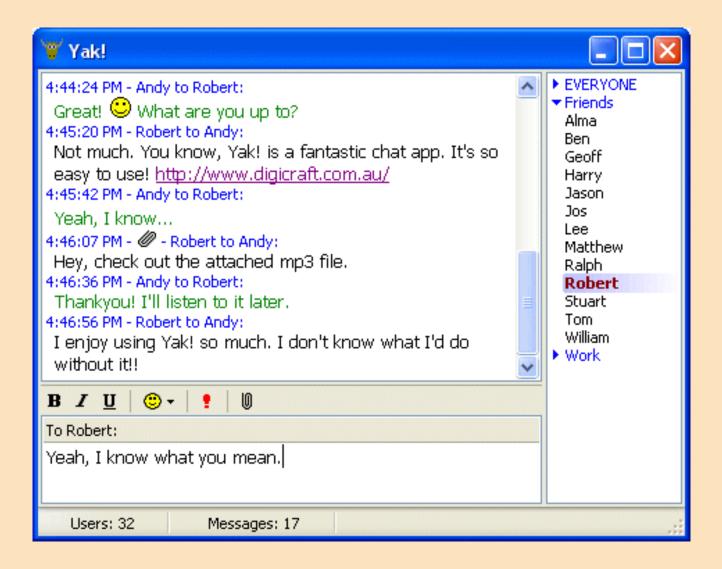




### **Forums**



### Chats

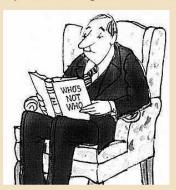


### Blogs

#### SIX THINGS

A MISCELLANY OF ENGLISH LANGUAGE TEACHING

### Six Influential People in ELT today



For those of you who have been following this blog over the past six months you will no doubt have come across references to my (in)famous poll. I asked who the most influential people in ELT today are. To make it easier I included a shortlist of names,

#### RECENT POSTS

Six ways to exploit Obama's Nobel Peace Prize in class

Six things to know about Global

Six original topical teaching ideas for October

Ben Goldstein's six ways to sell English

Six classroom activities with mobile/cell phones

Six amazing words you never knew existed

Six things about teaching English in Romania

Circ hooles that sould



### Wikis



### Podcasts 1: ELT Podcasts



HOME > Archive > ELT Podcast - Basic Conversations for EFL and ESL

#### ELT Podcast - Basic Conversations for EFL and ESL

Robert Chartrand and Bill Pellowe



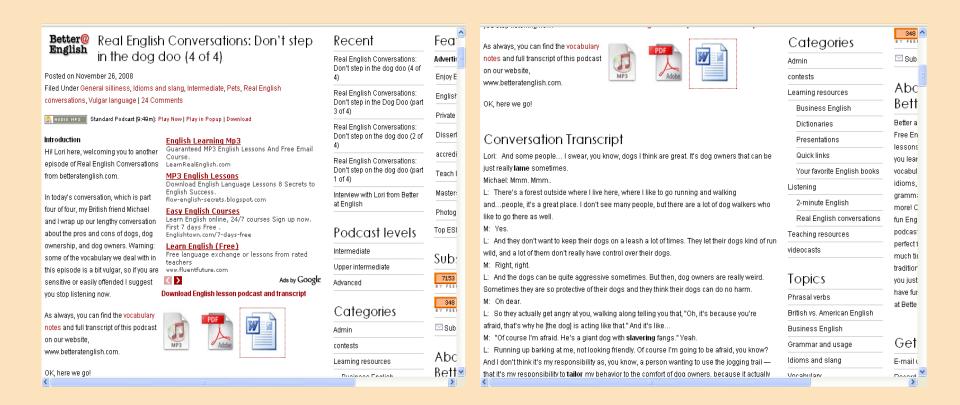
Theme-based conversations and language practice for students of English, such as EFL, ESL and ESOL. The dialogs have two or more speakers. Read transcripts and listen to mp3 files.

#### Archive

Click the link titles to read the podcast transcript or notes, and listen to the broadcast.

- Basic Conversations Introductions
   Nice to meet you! An EFL lesson about introducing yourself.
  - [1.04 MB, 2:03, March 2nd, 2007]
- Basic Conversations How long are you staying?
  - When are you leaving?
  - [2.32 MB, 4:49, July 1st, 2006]
- Basic Conversations What kind of sports do you like?
- I like soccer. A basic conversation for English students.
- [1.36 MB, 2:44, June 6th, 2006]
- Basic Conversations The Weekend
  - Did you have a nice weekend?
  - [1.25 MB, 2:30, May 20th, 2006]
- Basic Conversations Who did you talk to?
  - I talked to someone interesting yesterday. [2.58 MB, 5:23, March 6th, 2006]
- Basic Conversations Weekend plans
  - Do you have any plans for this weekend? [2.43 MB, 5:03, March 3rd, 2006]
- Basic Conversations How often do you go skiing?

### Podcasts 2: Better at English



### Interactive White Boards









## What are the benefits of using technology in language teaching?

- motivation
- learner autonomy
- interaction and collaboration between learners in the same class
- group building
- collaboration and communication between learners in different countries
- exposure to different varieties of English
- exposure to and practice in all areas of language

### What do we need to consider when using technology?

- core values and beliefs
  - riority to fluency)

    aims and principles (e.g.: context rich environments, genuine needs and partners, priority to fluency)
  - >teacher and learner roles (facilitation, learner-centredness)
- potential dangers
  - unpredictability of technology
  - **>** misuse
- course planning
- time
- collaboration with colleagues